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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/089,395	07/17/2002	Frank Kowalewski	10191/2328	5213
²⁶⁶⁴⁶ KENYON & K	7590 09/28/2007 CENYON LLP		EXAM	INER
ONE BROADWAY			LY, ANH VU H	
NEW YORK, NY 10004		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2616	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE -
	,		09/28/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
0551 4-41 0	10/089,395	KOWALEWSKI, FRANK
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
The MAN INC DATE of this communication on	Anh-Vu H. Ly	2616
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	vitn the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUN 136(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO e, cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 S</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This 3)□ Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under	s action is non-final. ance except for formal ma	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) <u>9-16</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>9-16</u> is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/a	awn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acceptable and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examin 11.	cepted or b) objected to e drawing(s) be held in abeya ction is required if the drawin	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in brity documents have bee au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 1. Claims 9-10, 13, and 15-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jepsen et al (US Patent No. 6,724,815 B1) in view of Jones, IV et al (US Patent No. 6,657,949 B1). Hereinafter, referred to as Jepsen and Jones.

With respect to claim 9, Jepsen discloses a data transmission method (Fig. 2), comprising:

transmitting a data signal between a transmitter and a receiver (Fig. 1, base station 101 and remote stations 103, 107 communicating over radio channels 105. Herein, either the base station or the remote stations can be the transmitter or the receiver and vice versa) as a data stream of data bursts (Fig. 2) in at least a first transmission mode (Fig. 2, part 2) and a second transmission mode (Fig. 2, part 1);

in the first transmitting mode (Fig. 2, part 2), transmitting a reference signal by the transmitter in each data burst (col. 3, lines 54-56, a GSM burst consists of two blocks of data 203 surrounding a midamble 205 containing the training data. Herein, as illustrated in Fig. 2, part 2, each data burst containing a training sequence or TS 205), the reference signal being evaluated in the receiver (Fig. 1, remote stations 103 and 107 perform channel estimation using known training data, TS 205, as illustrated in Fig. 2); and

in the second transmission mode (Fig. 2, part 1), avoiding the reference signal by the transmitter in each data burst and instead transmitting additional data in each data burst (col. 8, lines 10-13 and Fig. 4, the enhanced units being characterized by being able to transmit data instead of midamble and being able to receive GSM signals with midamble replaced by user data).

Jepsen does not disclose that the additional data is redundancy data of the data signal.

Jones discloses that to increase the probability of accurate reception of the access request data even under difficult channel conditions, the access request data is duplicated N times (col. 5, lines 16-19). Further, Jones discloses that a redundant symbol formation block 404 positions the RA data symbols within the burst and creates the redundant data sets as shown in figures 2A-2C (col. 5, lines 38-41). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to transmit redundant data instead of additional data in Jepsen's system, as suggested by Jones, to increase the probability of accurate reception of data.

With respect to claim 10, Jepsen discloses that the enhanced units transmit data instead of midamble (col. 8, lines 10-13). Jepsen does not disclose that the additional redundancy data are provided by data of the data signal that are transmitted in repetition. Jones discloses that a redundant symbol formation block 404 positions the RA data symbols within the burst and creates the redundant data sets as shown in figures 2A-2C (col. 5, lines 38-41. Herein, the redundant data sets are data of a data signal). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to transmit redundant data instead of

additional data in Jepsen's system, as suggested by Jones, to increase the probability of accurate reception of data.

With respect to claim 13, Jepsen discloses that in the second transmission mode, eliminating interference in the transmitter (col. 8, lines 10-13 and Fig. 4, the enhanced units being characterized by being able to transmit data instead of midamble and being able to receive GSM signals with midamble replaced by user data, as illustrated in Fig. 2, part 1. Herein, interference is eliminated since the enhanced units transmit data in the allocated and assigned channels 411).

With respect to claim 15, Jepsen discloses that the data bursts have at least two data blocks (col. 3, lines 54-56, a GSM burst consists of two blocks of data 203 surrounding a midamble 205 containing the training data), between which a block is arranged which is used, in the first transmission mode, for the reference signal (Fig. 2, part 2, training sequence 205 is placed between two data blocks 203) and which is used, in the second transmission mode, for the additional data (Fig. 2, part 1, in second burst, training sequence 205 is replaced with extra or redundant data 205). Jepsen does not disclose that the additional data is additional redundancy data. Jones discloses that a redundant symbol formation block 404 positions the RA data symbols within the burst and creates the redundant data sets as shown in figures 2A-2C (col. 5, lines 38-41). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to transmit redundant data instead of additional data in Jepsen's system, as suggested by Jones, to increase the probability of accurate reception of data.

With respect to claim 16, Jepsen discloses selecting a data format for the data signal to be transmitted in both the first transmission mode and the second transmission mode so as to be identical (col. 8, lines 6-10 and Fig. 4, a GSM cellular communication system comprising standard GSM mobile terminals, enhanced GSM mobile terminals, standard and enhanced base stations. Herein, data transmissions or data formats are in accordance to GSM standard).

2. Claims 11-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jepsen and Jones further in view of Brown et al (US Patent No. 5,113,413). Hereinafter, referred to as Jepsen, Jones, and Brown.

With respect to claims 11 and 12, Jepsen discloses that the data transmitted in repetition received in repetition by the receiver (Fig. 2, part 1, in second burst, each data block 203 is received in repetition at the remote stations 103 and 107, illustrated in Fig. 1). Jepsen does not disclose evaluating data separately in the receiver and selecting a data version of the data transmitted in repetition having a stronger received signal for at least one of further processing and delivery to a user. Brown discloses that the sites, which receive the transmission, generate an "RSSI" indication of the quality of the received signal. The communication system typically may vote on redundant versions, data transmitted repeatedly, of the same received signal to select a single version of the received signal for use. Herein, the selected version is the one having better RSSI (col. 2, lines 35-52). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include voting and selecting features in Jepsen's system, as suggested by Brown, to produce a favorable voted frame signal.

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3. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jepsen and Jones further in view of Hobbis (US Patent No. 6,760,589 B1). Hereinafter, referred to as Jepsen, Jones, and Hobbis.

With respect to claim 14, Jepsen discloses a method and apparatus for increasing data rate by reduction of training data (Fig. 2). Jepsen does not disclose transmitting a plurality of data streams simultaneously according to a CDMA technique. Hobbis discloses a CDMA communications system for transmitting a plurality of data streams simultaneously to subscriber unit 101 (Fig. 1). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to transmit CDMA data streams in Jepsen's system, as suggested by Hobbis, since CDMA system has more capacity than GSM system and CDMA virtually eliminates cloning and other types of fraud.

Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anh-Vu H. Ly whose telephone number is 571-272-3175. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 7:00am - 4:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Chi Pham can be reached on 571-272-3179. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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